

Confirmation Suits

Bring your boys to the Original Eagle and you will be sure to be pleased with our Blue and Black Worsted Suits.

Spring Overcoats

In Blue and Black Cheviots. Very stylish.

ORIGINAL EAGLE

5 and 7 West Washington St.

MURPHY, HIBBEN & CO

IMPORTERS, JOBBERS.

Dry Goods, Notions, Woolens, Linens, Etc

(Wholesale Exclusively.)

50 cases Standard INDIGO PRINTS at a concession from prevailing prices.
100 cases Standard FANCY PRINTS at a low price to close. New, desirable and not heretofore shown in this market.
Specially attractive lines of prints in all well-known makes at interesting quotations.

CLEVELAND, CINCINNATI, BIG 4 ROUTE.

Chicago & St. Louis.

Time of trains at Union Station, Indianapolis.

SCHEDULE, Nov. 27, 1892.

EAST BOUND.

2 10 12 1 15

Arr. from West.

Chicago Div. 10:30

Peoria Div. 10:30

St. Louis Div. 10:30

Leave for East.

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Peoria Div. 10:30

St. Louis Div. 10:30

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THIS IS OUR LAST WEEK

OF RECONSTRUCTION

SINCE THE FIRE

Carpenters, Decorators, and, in fact, all the various artisans that have been playing engagements during the past month at the WHEN, will soon give way to the demands of Spring trade, and a magnificent stock in the finest equipped store in the West.

In a few days we think you'll like

THE WHEN

Better than ever.

UNEQUITED LOVE

Leads to a Double Tragedy, in a New England Town, on the Way from Church.

QUINCY, Mass., March 12.—Unequited love and jealousy caused a probable murder and suicide at Quincy to-day. The principals in the tragedy were Mary Victoria Lafave, a comely lass of eighteen, and Joseph Massey, aged about thirty. The girl had been to mass, and was returning home unattended. Massey, who had been waiting for her, followed her. A score or more of people were behind her. When the girl reached a point opposite the entrance to the old Miller estate, commonly known as the Stille, Massey was seen to step up, and, without any warning, draw a revolver and fire three shots in rapid succession, which were followed by a scream from the girl. The whole affair came so suddenly that the bystanders for a moment paid no attention to Massey, who, after doing the shooting, did not stop to see the result, but turned and walked leisurely away. Several men started for him, but before he could be overtaken he placed the revolver to his head and fired, the ball entering just above and back of the right ear. Without a word he fell over on a bank of snow and expired in about ten minutes. The girl was carried to her home, and doctors found that all the shots had taken effect. One passed through the left wrist, the other two entered the middle of the back, a little to the left of the spine, between the ninth and eleventh ribs, fracturing the ninth rib. One of the bullets lodged in the left lung, and one in the abdomen. Physicians do not expect the girl to recover. The girl was employed in a shoe manufactory, and Massey, up to within nine months, had been employed in the same factory. He made the statement that he did not marry her, she would not marry any one else, as he would shoot her first, which threat he put into execution to-day.

THE PANAMA SENSATION.

Mme. Cottu's Story Cannot Be Discredited.—Bourgeois insists on His Resignation. PARIS, March 12.—The sensation caused by Madame Cottu's testimony yesterday, does not abate. The attempt to propagate the opinion that she was animated by a desire to avenge the sentence of her husband when she gave her evidence against the government, failed completely. The Gaulois published an interview with her in which she says that she was actuated merely by a determination to tell the truth, regardless of personal interests or domestic affections. M. Sointry, the police officer who tried to get from Mme. Cottu documents compromising Royalist Deputies, has resigned from the directory of the penitentiary department. Police Commissioner Nicolle, who arranged the interview between him and Mme. Cottu, will be dismissed. Deputy Despres has given notice that he will interpellate the government on the charges of Deputies as to Mme. Cottu's evidence. In the Senate M. Moris will make a similar interpellation.

This afternoon several Ministers called upon M. Bourgeois, but when the Cabinet rose M. Bourgeois had been dismissed. He had not returned to office. Subsequently, M. Ribot, who had been dismissed, signed a decree giving M. De Ville temporarily M. Bourgeois's portfolio.

Henri Brisson insists upon his retirement from the presidency of the Chamber, a commission of inquiry into the Panama scandal. His principal reason for resigning, he repeats, is the weakness of his health.

A dispatch from Cairo says: "M. Chevalier, of the department of the public debt, has been chosen to succeed Charles de Lesseps as director of the Suez Canal Company."

Ministers are awaiting, with intense anxiety, the event of M. Bourgeois's appearance on the witness stand, this afternoon, to-morrow. The general conviction is that M. Sointry would never have taken the steps he took without the connivance of the Cabinet, and, perhaps, also, of M. Carnot. The developments of to-morrow are awaited with feverish expectancy.

It is since the beginning of the Panama disclosures. It is thought that only good luck can save the Ribot Ministry.

Two small planets were discovered by the Nice observatory on the 8th and 9th of the month.

W. E. Vanderbilt arrived at London yesterday afternoon from Paris, and will leave Liverpool to inspect the yacht there building to replace the Alva.

St. Louis Woman Suicides in New York. NEW YORK, March 12.—To-night H. H. Pearson, proprietor of the Coleman House, at Broadway and Twenty-seventh street, found a woman in the hotel dead. She came there yesterday morning and registered as Mrs. F. C. Carter, of St. Louis. When found she had a bullet wound in her breast. Beside her was a bottle containing laudanum and morphine. She was about twenty-five years old. Had blue eyes, wore a brown dress, a black coat and hat, brown plush hat, trimmed with blue, a black silk under skirt, button shoes. She had an umbrella with silver handle. No baggage or anything that gives a clue to her identity.

Dam Carried Away by the Gorge. FLINT, Mich., March 12.—Shortly before noon to-day the boom at Smith's Lumber company's mill here broke, and the pressure of the ice and two million feet of logs began to move down stream. A jam formed at Hamilton's dam, a short distance below the mills. The gorge was broken up with dynamite, but formed again and carried the dam with it. The loss will exceed \$10,000.

COLD MUTTON FOR EDITORS

Cleveland Will Try to Run the Government Without Newspaper Fellers.

Believes the Press Should Be Perfectly Free to Criticize or Praise Which It Cannot Be When Subsidized with Office.

Blow to the Army of Country Journalists Looking for Local Postoffices.

Another Batch of Appointments to Be Handed Down To-day or To-morrow—Other Political Gossip Interesting to Democrats.

TO BE OR NOT TO BE.

That is the Question Which Is Just Now Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

WASHINGTON, March 12.—President Cleveland's second lot of nominations is expected to go to the Senate to-morrow or Tuesday. Senator Cockrell, of Missouri, who is one of the leading spirits of the Senate caucus committee, says the committee will make known the majority members of Senate committees on Tuesday, and that the nominations which the President has ready may be withheld until the committees are announced. The nominations anticipated are ex-Congressman Wheeler, of Michigan, for Commissioner of Pensions; ex-Congressman Peel, of Arkansas, Commissioner of Indian Affairs, and ex-Congressman McAdoo, of New Jersey, Assistant Secretary of the Navy. It is believed that ex-Secretary Bayard's name as minister to Great Britain will go in at an early day, although his friends here say he has declined it. It is still believed that Frederick R. Condit, of New York, will go as minister to France. It is asserted with a good deal of positiveness that ex-Congressman C. C. Matson, of Indiana, or ex-Congressman Albert Willis, of Louisiana, will be nominated as Commissioner of Internal Revenue.

There has been little seen or heard of the Indiana office seekers to-day. Washington correspondents observe that the office and even the anxious place hunters could find neither comfort nor companions in the hotel lobbies. The few hoosier Democrats who came to the city to-day, expressed great concern over the possibilities in the new Cleveland code of rules announced in Saturday's Journal special for day after day of office seekers. The President is adding to the code every new idea, which drive terror to the hearts of still other classes of aspirants. The President had announced that he will not appoint editors to places except in isolated instances.

WHY HE IS "AGAIN" EDITORS.

He declares that President Harrison subsidized the press by giving offices to many editors and owners of papers, and that since the Democratic press severely criticized that action it would not be consistent for him now to follow the same course. President Cleveland believes the press should be untrammeled, free to criticize an administration, and that there is praise of an administration's work that does not come through official channels and subsidized sources. This would appear to be a damper on the ambitions of editors and owners of newspapers, and the fact that the President has appointed a host of editors or proprietors of Indiana newspapers who are seeking appointments.

The President is also to be made particularly applicable to newspaper men who desire to be postmasters in their towns. Mr. Bissell has had the names of some of the editors of the Indianapolis papers, and in connection with various postoffices, but has uniformly declined to give any encouragement to the office seekers. He has stated that the principle that in small towns all the utterances of the newspaper which the postmaster-editor presides over will be regarded as the word of the Anderson Democrat. He has said that in small towns all the utterances of the newspaper which the postmaster-editor presides over will be regarded as the word of the Anderson Democrat.

In this connection it will be interesting to Indiana Democrats, especially those of the Gray-Voorhees school, to learn that the statement is made here on apparently good authority that Mr. Shanks, the principal of the Indianapolis Democrat, who is a New York from Washington last week to perfect arrangements for the establishment of an afternoon Democratic newspaper at Indianapolis. It is stated further that Mr. Shanks has strong financial backing, and that should he establish his venture here will have the support of some of the leading Democratic business men in Indianapolis. The numerous hoosiers who are seeking the second auditorship of the treasury will learn with sorrow that Secretary Cleveland has not accepted all the offers of Democratic business men to resign their offices and accept the treasury.

Ex-Doorkeeper Glazebrook, well known about the Legislature, and an influential Starke county Democrat, is the latest to have been rejected. He is a native of New York from Washington last week to perfect arrangements for the establishment of an afternoon Democratic newspaper at Indianapolis. It is stated further that Mr. Shanks has strong financial backing, and that should he establish his venture here will have the support of some of the leading Democratic business men in Indianapolis.

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ing of Republicans since the defeat of Harrison and the casting out of power of the Republican party, more than ordinary solicitude is being attached to it by those who hope for an immediate reorganization of the party and the opening of the campaign of 1894. The executive committee of the league in New York Monday night will doubtless discuss the merits of the five candidates for the presidency of the league—Joseph R. Foraker, of Ohio; W. W. Gray, of Illinois; Col. E. A. McAlpine, of New York; James S. Clarkson, of Iowa, and J. B. Patton, of Michigan. The advisability of establishing headquarters of the league at Chicago immediately after the close of the convention for the conduct of a systematic campaign will also be discussed. The meeting will be held at the Hotel Plaza.

DIDN'T GO TO CHURCH.

Cleveland in No Hurry to Select His Style of Religion for the Coming Four Years.

WASHINGTON, March 12.—If President Cleveland has selected his church home in Washington he gave no evidence of that choice to-day. He did not attend divine worship, but spent the morning quietly resting from the arduous duties of his first week in office. Some attention was paid to matters of pressing importance, and Private Secretary Thurber remained in the office the better part of the day. A little after 5 o'clock Mr. and Mrs. Cleveland went for a drive, and for more than an hour enjoyed the beauty of a day that was perfect. Vice President Stevenson, accompanied by Mrs. Stevenson, attended the morning service at the New York Avenue Presbyterian Church, which is the same that he attended during the previous Democratic administration. Mr. Stevenson has not yet selected a pew, but to-day occupied that of the Vice President. In the afternoon, accompanied by Judge Lawrence, of the Court of Claims, and Mr. Lewis Stevenson, his son, the Vice President took an extended stroll. This evening he received a number of calls from personal friends.

Hamilton for Carlisle's Assistant.

BOSTON, March 12.—The Herald states, on the authority of Assistant Secretary Quincy, that there is no doubt whatever that Mr. Charles S. Hamilton will be made Assistant Secretary of the Treasury. Indeed, Mr. Quincy would not accept his own appointment except on the condition that his selection should not interfere with Mr. Hamilton's preference for the position which he is so well suited to fill acceptably.

A Popular Measure in Kansas.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. TOPPEKA, Kan., March 12.—The Legislature did not adjourn last night. The session lasted until 2 o'clock this morning. Final adjournment will be had to-morrow. Several important laws were passed. One makes it illegal to require a gold contract in notes, mortgages and other obligations, and makes silver, as well as gold, a legal tender for all debts in Kansas. This is a popular measure.

Civil Service in the Navy Yards.

WASHINGTON, March 12.—Secretary Herbert says that he does not favor making changes among the mechanics of the navy yards because of politics and would follow the practice of his predecessor in this respect.

REGULAR SUNDAY TRAGEDY.

World's Fair Watchman Fatally Shoots Two Women and Turns the Weapon on Himself.

CHICAGO, March 12.—Z. S. Kyes, a watchman at the world's fair grounds, to-night fatally shot his wife and Mrs. Mary Weir, a neighbor. He then turned his revolver against himself and sent a bullet into his breast, inflicting a wound which may prove fatal. Kyes came home drunk, and going into the room where Mrs. Weir was nursing his wife, who was ill and in bed, he threw a heavy overcoat on the bed. Mrs. Weir objected, and pulled the coat off. Kyes threw it back again, and when Mrs. Weir attempted to pull it off he chased her from the room and fired two shots at her, both taking effect. Mrs. Kyes was aroused by the shooting and came running out of the bedroom, and Kyes immediately shot her in the left side. He then attempted to commit suicide, and fired a shot at his chest. The wound is a small one, but the chance of his recovery, but both women will die.

MAY FIGHT IN BUFFALO.

Corbett Says Himself and Mitchell Have a High Opinion of the \$70,000 Offer.

ST. JOSEPH, Mo., March 12.—James J. Corbett played here to-night to the largest audience in the history of the building. In answer to a question relating to the offer made by the Buffalo Athletic Club to give \$70,000 for the Mitchell-Corbett contest, the champion said: "Although the articles of agreement prohibit us negotiating with other clubs, I am perfectly willing to allow the Buffalo Athletic Club to become one of the combatants for the fight. I like the Buffalo club. I have been well treated by the athletic club there, composed of the most energetic men I ever met, and if they undertake to bring out a champion, I shall be glad to meet him. Mitchell, I believe, has more friends in Buffalo than anywhere in the country, and I suppose he will enter no objection to fighting there."

Sullivan Arrested in Cincinnati.

CINCINNATI, O., March 12.—John L. Sullivan, the pugilist, appeared on the stage in a theatrical performance before a house packed with people. He was arrested, along with other actors, after the performance, as is the custom in Cincinnati, and taken to the police station, and charged with violation of the Sunday laws. An immense crowd followed him, cheering lustily. The ex-champion entered the station, and remarked: "I am a drawing card still."

GETTING READY FOR THE DERBY.

Three Hundred Horses at Churchill Downs and More Coming Daily.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., March 12.—Prospects for racing in this section were never brighter. Three hundred horses are now quartered at Churchill Downs and stables are arriving every week. Among recent arrivals is the great colt King Leo. He has grown into a splendid three-year-old and seems thoroughly sound. Other horses of note in excellent form are: Warburton, Post Scout, Saturday, Tulla Blackburn, Gov. Brown, Ingomar, Roslyn and Afternoon. Of the 150 two-year-olds, Danton, in the Etna stable, and Jack McDonald's Queen's Daughter, trained by Brown Dick, take the palm for good looks. Applications for stable room and the entry list indicate that the coming spring meeting will be the greatest ever held here.

Croker Viewing the Flyers.

NASHVILLE, Tenn., March 12.—To-day Richard Croker, of New York, and Gen. W. H. Jackson, of Belle Meade, whom Mr. Croker is visiting, spent the day at Fairview, the breeding establishment of Chas. Reed, in Sumner county, some thirty miles from this city. The party returned to Belle Meade this evening.

Some One Tampering with the Switch.

DANVILLE, Ill., March 12.—Last night a passenger train on the Big Four railroad ran into some cars standing on an open switch, wrecking the engine and damaging several cars. No one was seriously injured. The switch was looked and the light out. A similar accident occurred at the same place a few weeks ago, and it is thought to be the work of train wreckers.

THE GATES ARE OPEN AGAIN

Our Great State Department Revokes Ex-President Harrison's Order.

Steering Traffic with European Ports Once More Resumed and the Horde of Illiterate Immigrants Will Begin to Pour In.

Cleveland Foxily Refrains from Saying What Will Be Done with Hawaii.

Anxious to Cast Discredit on the Former Administration—Hot Debats Likely on the Senatorial Appointments in the West.

THEY WILL COME WITH A RUSH.

The Ban Against Immigration Raised by the New Administration.

WASHINGTON, March 12.—The Treasury Department is officially advised by the Department of State that steamer traffic between European ports and the United States, which was discontinued on Jan. 1 last, has been resumed. United States Consul Gardner, at Rotterdam, in a report to the State Department, gives a detailed account of the precautions taken there to prevent the emigration of persons affected with contagious diseases. He states that all steamer passengers are examined by the consular doctors, their baggage disinfected by consular employees, and a certification of both passenger and baggage made by the consul. In addition to the safeguards against transmission of disease afforded by the local system of examination made immediately before embarkation a new hotel designed exclusively for the accommodation of steerage and second-class passengers en route for the United States has been built. This hotel is known as the "Naam," and is owned by the Netherlands-American company, and is solely under its management. It contains all the modern conveniences of a first-class hotel, with an experienced steward, assisted by waiters and guards. The hotel is located in the immediate neighborhood of the docks. There are separate rooms for families and single persons. The beds are like cabin beds on shipboard, but larger. The sanitary arrangements are of the most modern construction, and as the hotel is located on a square, its light is accessible from all sides. A coffee room, where only temperate beverages are sold as a minimum cost, is also provided. The entire control of this building, according to Dutch laws, is in the hands of the Commissioner of Emigration, and the United States consul has free access to the building. A hospital room in a building apart from the hotel has also been provided, where any diseased suspect may be at once wholly isolated.

QUANTITATIVE PRECAUTIONS.

In addition to all these precautions taken at the hotel, all steerage passengers destined for the United States from Rotterdam are met at incoming trains by officers and servants of the steamship company and by boat are at once transferred to the hotel adjacent to the steamship wharf, there to remain under such surveillance as may be necessary until the next steamer sails. Should the need at any time arise it will be possible to quarantine 600 or 800 people at the hotel quite as easily as though they were on shipboard. This could not be done by the best regulated emigration boarding house, and from a sanitary point of view it is decidedly advantageous. Consul Gardner states that within the past three or four years the rate of steerage sailing from Rotterdam has increased in the ratio of the added restrictions upon immigration imposed by the United States authorities. The rate for steerage in 1891 was \$20.40, while at the present time it is \$31.00. The grade of persons going in the steerage has also shown a percentage of improvement, more or less, according to the percentage of the increase of cost of passage.

United States Consul Estes, at Hamburg, has submitted a report of precautions that he has adopted against the introduction of infectious diseases into the United States by the resumption of immigration at his port. He states that all vessels from Hamburg for ports in the United States, before they can obtain their bill of health, must be thoroughly disinfected according to the instructions of the United States marine hospital service. This disinfection is supervised by Dr. W. L. Homann, Hamburg health officer, who, when the Hamburg police department seal on his certificates of disinfection. Further, the crews of vessels carrying immigrants are medically examined by Dr. Homann and Dr. Nass, a deputy of Dr. Jenkins, the health officer in New York. These physicians issue a joint certificate at this examination. All passengers not occupying the saloon are examined. This examination is in the presence of the consul or vice-consul, and a certificate is given to the vessel. Both of the physicians issue a certificate besides, which declares the passengers to be in good health and free from all infectious diseases. The bill of health, which is not delivered to the steamship until all the requirements have been complied with, bears across its face in red ink the exact number of cholera cases and deaths which have been reported to the Hamburg Senate health commission during the fortnight previous to the date of the bill of health. All of the above mentioned documents bear the authentication of the United States, Consul Estes also states that all passengers coming from Russia and Austria-Hungary are obliged to observe a quarantine of at least six days under police surveillance before they are permitted to go on board ship.